



INSTALLATION AND OPERATION MANUAL

Demand Duo™ Residential Hybrid Water Heating System

Demand Duo™ Model

RHS199100SE

- 199,000 BTU RU199 Residential Tankless Water Heater
- 119-Gallon Tank
- Internal (Indoor) Residential **Applications Only**



WARNING

If the information in these instructions is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury, or death.

- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS
 - Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.

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1 Welcome

Thank you for purchasing Rinnai's Demand Duo™
Residential Hybrid Water Heating System. This manual provides information on the installation, operation, and maintenance of Rinnai's Demand Duo™ Residential Hybrid Water Heating System. Read this manual completely before installing or operating the system. This manual is a supplement to the Installation and Operation Manual for Residential RU199 Condensing Tankless Water Heaters; refer to the RU199 manual for complete water heater details, including:

- Parameter Settings (High Altitude Adjustment, Vent Length Adjustment, and more)
- Temperature Controller Installation
- Performance Data
- Diagnostic Codes

If You Need Service

Contact your local dealer/distributor or call Rinnai Customer Care at:

1-800-621-9419

Please have your full serial number or model number available for product- or service-related issues.

To The Installer

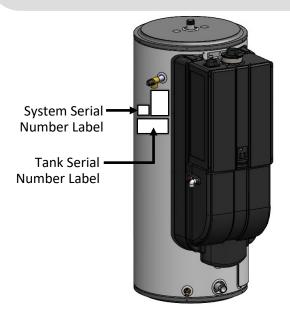
- A trained and qualified professional must install the system, inspect it, and leak test it before use. The warranty will be voided due to any improper installation.
- The trained and qualified professional should have skills such as:
 - Gas line sizing
 - Connecting gas lines, water lines, valves, and electricity
 - Knowledge of applicable national, state, and local codes
 - Installing venting through a wall or roof
 - Training in installation of tankless water heaters. Training on Rinnai Tankless Water Heaters is accessible at www.trainingevents.rinnai.us.
- Read all instructions in this manual before installing the system. The system must be installed according to the exact instructions in this manual.

- Proper installation is the responsibility of the installer
- When installation is complete, leave this manual with the system or give the manual directly to the consumer.

To The Consumer

- You must read the entire manual to properly operate the water heater and to have regular maintenance performed.
- Keep this manual for future reference.
- As when using any appliance generating heat, there are certain safety precautions you should follow.
 See the Safety Precautions section for detailed safety precautions.
- Be sure your water heater is installed by a licensed installer.
- If installing in the state of Massachusetts, you must read the Massachusetts State Gas Regulations section in the Installation and Operation Manual for Residential RU199 Condensing Tankless Water Heaters (supplied with tankless water heater).

For Your Records				
Dealer Name:				
Dealer Phone #:				
Purchase Date: _				
Tank Serial #:				
System Serial #:				



2 Safety

A WARNING

- If the information in these instructions is not followed exactly, a fire or explosion may result causing property damage, personal injury, or death.
- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- WHAT TO DO IF YOU SMELL GAS:
 - Do not try to light any appliance.
 - Do not touch any electrical switch; do not use any phone in your building.
 - Immediately call your gas supplier from a neighbor's phone. Follow the gas supplier's instructions.
 - If you cannot reach your gas supplier, call the fire department.
- Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer, service agency or the gas supplier.
- The warning signs in this manual are here to prevent injury to you and others. Please follow them explicitly.

Safety Symbols

This manual contains the following important safety symbols. Always read and obey all safety messages.



Safety alert symbol. Alerts you to potential hazards that can kill or hurt you and others.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in personal injury or death.



Indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in personal injury or death.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury. It may also be used to alert against unsafe practices.

Safety Precautions

For proper installation, operation and safety, it is important to follow the instructions and adhere to the safety precautions shown throughout this manual. The following precautions apply to the installer and consumer.

DO NOT adjust the internal gas valve. The design is such that adjustment is not required. Warranty will be voided if the internal gas valve is adjusted.

- Before operating, smell all around the appliance area for gas. Be sure to smell next to the floor because some gas is heavier than air and will settle on the
- Keep the area around the appliance clear and free from combustible materials, gasoline, and other flammable vapors and liquids.
- Combustible construction refers to adjacent walls and ceiling and should not be confused with combustible or flammable products and materials. Combustible and/or flammable products and materials should never be stored in the vicinity of this or any gas appliance.
- Always check the water temperature before entering a shower or bath.
- To protect yourself from harm, before performing maintenance:
 - Turn off the electrical power supply by unplugging the power cord or by turning off the electricity at the circuit breaker. (The temperature controller does not control the electrical power.)
 - Turn off the gas at the manual gas control valve.
 - Turn off the incoming water supply.
 - Use only your hand to turn the manual gas control valve. Never use tools. If the manual gas control valve will not turn by hand, do not try to repair it; call a trained and qualified professional. Force or attempted repair may result in a fire or explosion.
- Do not use this appliance if any part has been under water. Immediately call a licensed professional to inspect the appliance and to replace any part of the control system and any manual gas control valve which has been under water.
- Do not use substitute materials. Use only parts certified for the appliance.
- Should overheating occur or the gas supply fail to shut off, turn off the manual gas control valve to the appliance.
- Only trained and qualified professionals are permitted to adjust parameter settings.
- Do not use an extension cord or adapter plug with this appliance.
- Any alteration to the appliance or its controls can be dangerous and will void the warranty.
- Proper venting is required for the safe operation of this appliance.

- Flammable liquids such as cleaning solvents, aerosols, paint thinners, adhesives, gasoline and propane must be handled and stored with extreme care. These flammable liquids emit flammable vapors and when exposed to an ignition source can result in a fire hazard or explosion. Flammable liquids should not be used or stored in the vicinity of this or any other gas appliance.
- DO NOT operate the water heater without the front panel installed. The front panel should only be removed for service/maintenance or replacing internal components.
- BURN HAZARD. Hot exhaust and vent may cause serious burns. Keep away from the water heater. Keep small children and animals away from the water heater.
- Hot water outlet pipes leaving the water heater can be hot to touch.
- Do not store or use gasoline or other flammable vapors and liquids in the vicinity of this or any other appliance.
- Install the vent system per local and national codes.
- Do not install this water heater above 10,200 ft (3,109 m).
- Do not obstruct combustion air to the water heater.
- Failure to properly vent this appliance can result in death, personal injury and/or property damage.
- Rinnai recommends that every home have a carbon monoxide (CO) alarm in the hallway near bedrooms in each sleeping area. Check batteries monthly and replace them annually.
- California law requires the following Proposition 65 warning to be provided:



WARNING

This product can expose you to chemicals including lead, lead compounds and carbon disulfide which are known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information, visit www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

3 About

Specifications

Model		RHS199100SE			
Appliance Type		Residential Hybrid Water Heating System Consisting of Condensing Tankles Water Heater, Insulated Storage Tank, Pump and Controller			
Installation Type		Internal (Indoor) Residential Applications			
Category		Category IV			
Ignition System		Direct Electronic Ignition			
Product Weight		431 lb (195 kg)			
Gas Consumption Btu/h	r (kW/h)	Minimum: 15,000 (4.3) Maximum: 199,000 (58.3)			
Water Supply Pressure		150 PSI (Maximum)			
Temperature Setting		98° F (37° C) to 185° F (85° C)			
Tank Volume		119 Gallons (450 Liters)			
First Hour Delivery*		317 Gallons (1,200 Liters)			
Sound Level		49 dB			
	Normal	265 W			
	Standby	44 W			
Electrical Data	Freeze Protection	148 W			
	Max Current	5.5 A			
	Fuse	Tankless Water Heater Engine: 10 Amps, Controller: 10 Amps			
Cas Supply Drassura**	Natural	3.5 - 10.5 in. w.c.			
Gas Supply Pressure**	Propane	8.0 - 13.5 in. w.c.			
By-Pass Flow Control	•	Electronic			
Connections		Gas Supply Inlet: 3/4 in. MNPT Hot Water Outlet: 1-1/2 in. MNPT Cold Water Inlet: 1-1/2 in. MNPT			
Electric Connections		Appliance: AC 120 Volts, 60Hz. Integrated Temperature Controller: DC 12 Volts (Digital)			
Water Temperature Cor	ntrol	Simulation Feed Forward and Feedback			
Complies with South Coast Air Quality Management District 14 ng/J or 20 ppm NOx Emission Levels (RU199i)		Yes			

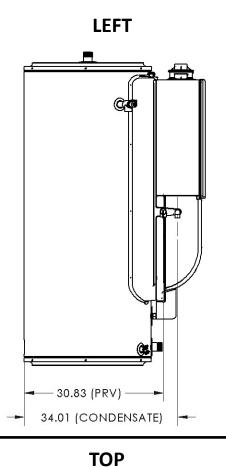
^{*} First Hour Delivery Rating is a theoretical calculation based on 70% usable tank capacity (Tank Capacity x .70 + (recovery) = First Hour Rating

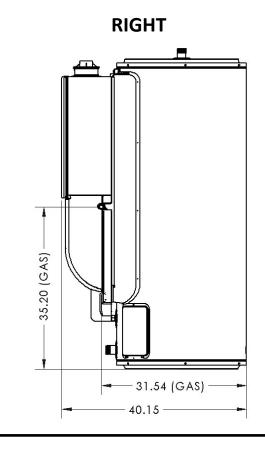
Rinnai products are continually being updated and improved; therefore, specifications are subject to change without prior notice.

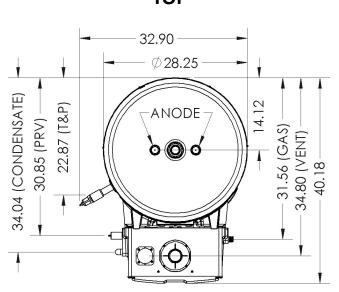
Recovery Capabilities

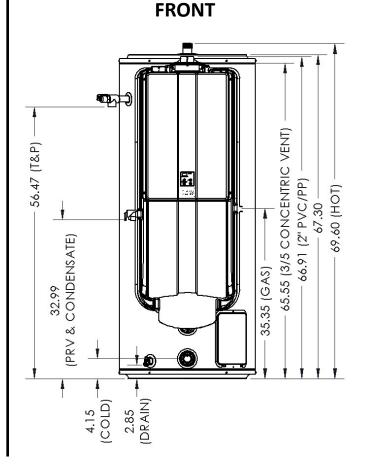
	Gas Type	ype Tank	U.S. Gallon / HR Liters / HR at Temperature Rise Indicated																
Product Number			Tank	°F	30°F	40°F	50°F	60°F	70°F	80°F	90°	100°F	110°F	120°F	130°F	140°F			
			Capacity	ပ္	17°C	22°C	28°C	33°C	39°C	44°C	50°C	56°C	61°C	67°C	72°C	78°C			
RHS199100SE	NG/	NG/	NG/	199,000	58	119 U.S. Gals.	GPH	780	585	468	390	334	292	260	234	213	195	180	167
	LP	199,000	38	450 Liters	LPH	2,953	2,214	1771	1476	1264	1105	984	886	806	738	681	632		

 $[\]ensuremath{^{**}}$ The maximum gas supply pressure must not exceed the value specified by the manufacturer.









4 Installation

THIS SECTION IS INTENDED FOR THE INSTALLER

Installer qualifications: A trained and qualified professional must install the appliance, inspect it, and leak test the Demand Duo™ before use. The warranty will be voided due to any improper installation. The trained and qualified professional should have skills such as: Gas sizing; Connecting gas lines, water lines, valves, and electricity; Knowledge of applicable national, state, and local codes; Installing venting through a wall or roof; and training in installation of tankless water heaters. Training for Rinnai Tankless Water Heaters is accessible online at www.trainingevents.rinnai.us.

Installation Guidelines

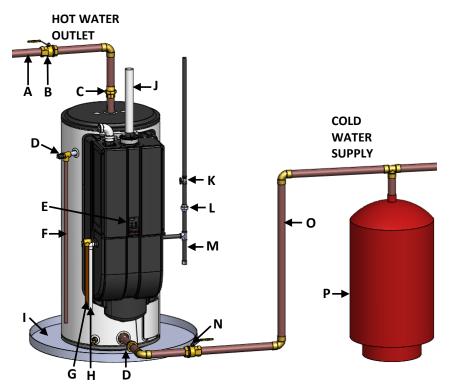
When installing the Demand Duo™, follow these guidelines:

- This water heater is suitable for combination water heating and space heating and not suitable for space heating applications only.
- The installation must conform with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the *National Fuel Gas Code*, *ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54*, or the *Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code*, *CSA B149.1*.
- The appliance, when installed, must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA 70, or the Canadian Electrical Code, CSA C22.1.
- The appliance and its main gas valve must be disconnected from the gas supply piping system during any pressure testing of that system at test pressures in excess of 1/2 psi (3.5 kPa) (13.84 in W.C.). For system testing at pressures less than or equal to 1/2 psi (3.5 kPa) (13.84 in W.C.) the appliance must be isolated from the gas supply piping by closing its individual manual shutoff valve.
- You must follow the installation instructions and those in the venting section for adequate combustion air and exhaust.
- If a water heater is installed in a closed water supply system, such as one having a backflow preventer in the cold water supply line, means shall be provided to control thermal expansion. Contact the water supplier or local plumbing inspector on how to control thermal expansion.
- Should overheating occur or the gas supply fail to shut off, turn off the manual gas control valve to the appliance.
- Combustion air must be free of chemicals, such as chlorine or bleach, that produce fumes. These fumes can damage components and reduce the life of your appliance.

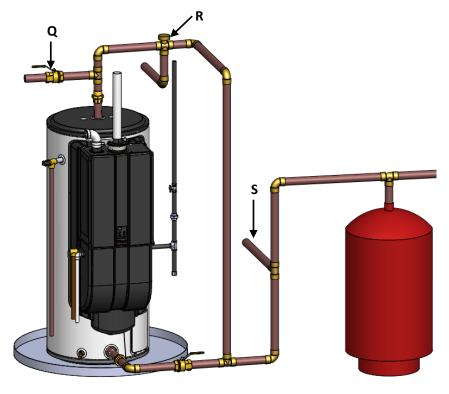
DO NOT

- DO NOT install the Demand Duo™ Residential Hybrid Water Heating System outdoors.
- DO NOT install the water heater in an area where water leakage of the unit or connections will result in damage to the area adjacent to the appliance or to lower floors of the structure. When such locations cannot be avoided, it is required that a suitable drain pan, adequately drained, be installed under the water heater. The pan must not restrict combustion air flow.
- DO NOT install the water heater in an area with negative air pressure.
- DO NOT obstruct the flow of combustion and ventilation air.
- DO NOT use this appliance in an application such as a pool or spa heater that uses chemically treated water. This appliance is suitable for filling large or whirlpool spa tubs with potable water.
- DO NOT use substitute parts that are not authorized for this appliance.

Typical Installation Illustrations



Mixing Valve Installation



Α	Hot Water Outlet	*
В	Hot Water Outlet Valve	*
С	Cold and Hot Unions	*
D	Temperature-Pressure Relief Valve	
E	Operation Unit / Temperature Control	
F	Temperature-Pressure Relief Valve Discharge Pipe (do not cap, plug, or reduce)	*
G	Pressure Relief Valve Discharge Pipe (do not cap, plug, or reduce)	*
Н	Condensate Discharge Pipe (Must include air gap)	*
I	Drain Pan	*
J	Vent pipe (PVC Room Air shown for illustration purposes, see venting section for other options)	*
К	Gas Control Valve	*
L	Gas Union	*
М	Drip Leg (Sediment Trap)	*
N	Cold Water Supply Valve	*
0	Cold Water Supply	*
Р	Thermal Expansion Tank	*
Q	Non-Tempered Supply Line	*
R	Thermostatic Mixing Valve	*
S	Non-Tempered Return Line	*

^{*} Field Supplied

Unpack the Demand Duo™

Items Included

Carefully unpack your system package and verify the following contents are included.

If any items are damaged or missing, contact your local dealer/distributor or call Rinnai Customer Care at 1-800-621-9419. Do not attempt to use any item that appears damaged.

Items included with system:

- Rinnai Demand Duo™ Residential Hybrid Water Heating System
- Temperature and Pressure Relief Valve (Tank)
- Pressure Relief Valve (pre-installed on the tankless water heater)
- Installation and Operation Manual (this manual)
- 2 in. PVC Vent Screens (x2) and Vent Screen Screws



To avoid danger of suffocation, keep plastic bags away from babies, small children and pets. Do not use these bags in cribs, beds, carriages, or playpens. The bags are not a toy.

What You'll Need

Gather the recommended tools and parts before starting installation.

Items Needed (Not Included)

- Pipe wrenches (x2)
- Phillips Head screwdriver
- Adjustable pliers
- Wire cutters
- Gloves
- Safety glasses
- Level
- Soap or gas leak detector solution
- Approved venting
- Teflon tape (recommended) or pipe compound
- Pipe insulation

Other Items You May Need

- Hammer drill with concrete bits
- Saw
- Threading machine with heads and oiler
- · Core drill with diamond head
- Torch set
- Copper tubing cutter
- Steel pipe cutter
- Heat tape
- 5/8 in. ID PVC flexible tubing
- Electrical wire
- Concrete wall anchors
- Optional pipe cover
- PVC glue/cement and primer
- 2 conductor 22 AWG wire for controller
- Single gang electrical box
- Wire nuts
- Unions and drain valves
- Drain pan
- Earthquake strap

Choose an Installation Location

When selecting an installation location, you must ensure that clearances will be met and that the vent length will be within required limits. Consider the installation environment, water quality, and need for freeze protection. Requirements for the gas line, water lines, electrical connection, and condensate disposal can be found in their respective installation sections in this manual.

Water Quality Guidelines

This section provides information on the importance of water quality to the Rinnai Tankless Water Heater. The information is intended to serve as general guidelines only and is not a complete list of water quality guidelines.

Consideration of care for your water heater should include evaluation of water quality. The water must be potable, free of corrosive chemicals, sand, dirt, or other contaminants. It is up to the installer to ensure the water does not contain corrosive chemicals or elements that can affect or damage the Rinnai Tankless Water Heater. Water that contains chemicals exceeding the levels below can damage the Rinnai Tankless Water Heater. Replacement of components due to water quality damage is not covered by the warranty.

Contaminant	Maximum Level
Total Hardness	Up to 200 mg/L
Aluminum *	Up to 0.2 mg/L
Chlorides *	Up to 250 mg/LL
Copper *	Up to 1.0 mg/L
Dissolved Carbon Dioxide (CO2)	Up to 15.0 mg/L
Iron *	Up to 0.3 mg/L
Manganese *	Up to 0.05 mg/L
pH *	6.5 to 8.5
TDS (Total Dissolved Solids) *	Up to 500 mg/L
Zinc *	Up to 5 mg/L

^{*} Source: Part 143 National Secondary Drinking Water Regulations

If you install this water heater in an area that is known to have hard water or that causes scale build-up, the water must be treated and may require a more frequent flushing schedule.

This water heater includes a service indicator (Service Soon, 55). When selected in the parameter settings, an 55 code will display on the controller indicating that it is time to flush and service the water heater. Scale build-up is caused by hard water and can be accelerated if the water heater is set at a high temperature.

Rinnai offers Southeastern Filtration's "ScaleCutter Water Conditioning System" that offers superior lime scale prevention and corrosion control by feeding a blend of control compounds into the cold water supply.

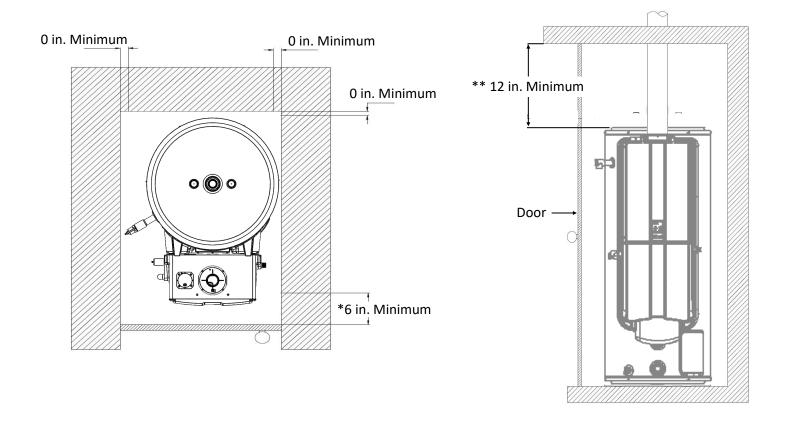
Environment

Air surrounding the water heater, venting, and vent termination(s) is used for combustion and must be free of any compounds that cause corrosion of internal components. These include corrosive compounds that are found in aerosol sprays, detergents, bleaches, cleaning solvents, oil based paints/varnishes, and refrigerants. The air in beauty shops, dry cleaning stores, photo processing labs, and storage areas for pool supplies often contains these compounds. Therefore, it is recommended that external (outdoor) models be used for these locations where possible. In applications utilizing room air where there are high levels of particulates, Rinnai offers a room air screen.

The water heater, venting, and vent termination(s) should not be installed in any areas where the air may contain these corrosive compounds.

CLEARANCES

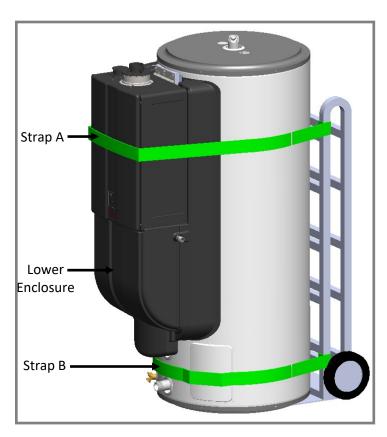
Location	Clearance
Тор	2 in. (51 mm)
	(0 in. from vent components)
	** Clearance for servicing the anode rods is 54 in. from the top of the water heater
Bottom (Ground)	0 in.
Front	6 in. (152 mm)
	* Clearance for servicing is 24 in. (610 mm) in front of water heater
Back	0 in.
Sides (Left and Right)	0 in.



12

Transporting the Demand Duo™

- Choose the right hand truck to support the weight and size of the water heater. Refer to the Specifications section in this manual for specific weights and dimensions.
- Use proper lifting techniques to load the water heater onto the hand truck:
 - Position the water heater onto the hand truck so the weight is evenly balanced and the tank is touching the rails of the hand truck.
 - Secure the water heater to the hand truck:
 - → Position STRAP A around the tankless unit as illustrated below.
 - → Position **STRAP B** around the base of the tank below the lower enclosure.

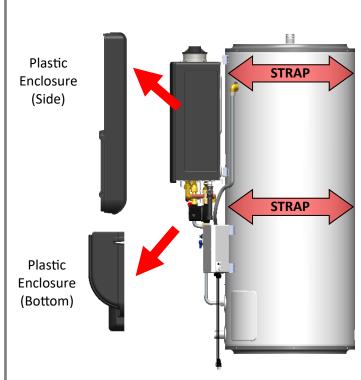


Earthquake Strapping Instructions



Products installed in the state of California must be braced, anchored, or otherwise secured to avoid motion or falling during an earthquake. Contact the California Office of the State Architect located at 1102 Q Street, Suite 5100, Sacramento, CA 95811 for instructions.

- 1. Loosen the screws along the perimeter of the plastic enclosures.
- 2. Remove the plastic enclosures.
- Position straps around the tank per the requirements of California Office of the State Architect. DO NOT POSITION THE STRAPS OVER PIPE, FITTINGS or WIRE.
- 4. Replace the plastic enclosures. Modification of the plastic enclosures may be necessary to fit the enclosures over the earthquake straps.
- 5. Replace the screws around the perimeter of the plastic enclosures.



Installation Location Checklist

Use this checklist to ensure you have selected the correct location for the water heater.

The water heater is not exposed to corrosive compounds in the air.
The water heater location complies with the required clearances.
The planned combustion air and exhaust termination locations meet the required clearances.
The water supply does not contain chemicals or exceed total hardness that will damage the heat exchanger.
A standard 3 prong 120 VAC, 60 Hz properly grounded wall outlet or other 120 VAC, 60 Hz source is available.
The installation must conform with local codes or, in the absence of local codes, with the <i>National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54</i> , or the <i>Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code, CSA B149.1</i> .

5 Venting

A NOTICE

For venting information not specified in this section, refer to the Installation and Operation Manual for Residential RU199 Condensing Tankless Water Heaters (supplied with each tankless water heater). This manual includes complete venting information, including approved vent manufacturers and terminations.

Venting Guidelines

- When installed as direct vent, the vent system certified and listed with the appliance. You must use vent components that are certified and listed with the water heater model.
- Avoid dips or sags in horizontal vent runs by installing supports per the vent manufacturer's instructions.
- Support horizontal vent runs every four feet and all vertical vent runs every six feet or in accordance with local codes.
- Venting should be as direct as possible with a minimum number of pipe fittings.
- Engineered vent systems must be firmly pressed together so that the gaskets form an air tight seal.
- The vent piece connected to the water heater must be secured with one self-tapping screw.
- If the vent system is to be enclosed, it is suggested that the design of the enclosure shall permit inspection of the vent system. The design of such enclosure shall be deemed acceptable by the installer or the local inspector.
- Refer to the instructions of the vent system manufacturer for component assembly instructions.

If it becomes necessary to access an enclosed vent system for service or repairs, Rinnai is not responsible for any costs or difficulties in accessing the vent system. The warranty does not cover obtaining access to a vent system in an enclosed environment.

A WARNING

- NOT use cellular core PVC/CPVC.
- DO NOT use Radel, ABS, or galvanized material to vent this appliance.
- DO NOT cover non-metallic vent pipe and fittings with thermal insulation.
- DO NOT combine vent components from different manufacturers.
- DO NOT reduce the vent diameter.
- DO NOT connect the venting system with an existing vent or chimney.
- DO NOT common vent with the vent pipe of any other manufacturer's water heater or appliance.

Venting Installation Sequence

- 1. Install the water heater.
- 2. Determine the termination method—horizontal or vertical, concentric, or twin pipes, etc.
- 3. Determine proper location for wall or roof penetration for each termination.
- 4. Install termination assembly as described in this manual or in the vent manufacturer's installation instructions.
- 5. Install air and vent piping from water heater to termination.
- 6. Slope horizontal exhaust run towards the water heater 1/4 in per foot. DO NOT slope combustion air pipe towards water heater.
- 7. Install vent supports and brackets allowing for movement from expansion, or as per vent manufacturer's instructions or local code requirements.
- 8. Install vent screen (supplied with water heater) on PVC combustion air and exhaust termination elbows as illustrated below.
 - Press vent screen inside of termination piece/elbow.
 - Secure vent screen to the elbow with screw provided.

Termination Considerations

Check to determine whether local codes supersede the following clearances:

- Avoid termination locations near a dryer vent.
- Avoid termination locations near commercial cooking exhaust.
- Avoid termination locations near any air inlets.
- You must install a vent termination at least 12 in above the ground or anticipated snow level.

The vent for this appliance shall not terminate:

- Over public walkways.
- Near soffit vents or crawl space vents or other area where condensate or vapor could create a nuisance or hazard or cause property damage.
- Where condensate or vapor could cause damage or could be detrimental to the operation of regulators pressure relief valves, or other equipment.

Listed below are important considerations for locating vent termination under a soffit (ventilated or unventilated or eave vent; or to a deck or porch):

- Do not install vent termination under a soffit vent such that exhaust can enter the soffit vent.
- Install vent termination such that exhaust and rising moisture will not collect under eaves. Discoloration to the exterior of the building could occur if installed too close.
- Do not install the vent termination too close under the soffit where it could present recirculation of exhaust gases back into the combustion air part of the termination.

Select a Vent Type

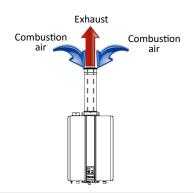
Three types of venting options are available:

1

Direct Vent (Concentric Pipe and Twin Pipe)

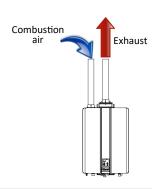
Concentric Pipe

Combustion air and exhaust vent directly through a single concentric connection. Hot exhaust exits through the interior tube, while combustion air



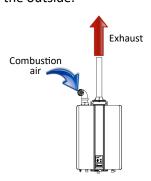
Twin Pipe

Combustion air and exhaust vent directly



Non-Direct Vent (Room Air)

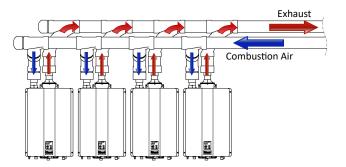
Room air is used for combustion while exhaust vents to the outside.



Common Vent (Indoor Units Only. Direct Vent and Non-Direct/Room Air Vent)

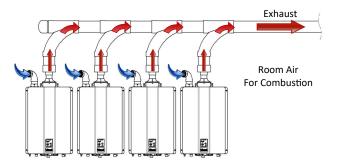
Direct Vent

Multiple water heaters sharing a combustion air header and a separate exhaust header that vents directly through separate penetrations to the outside.



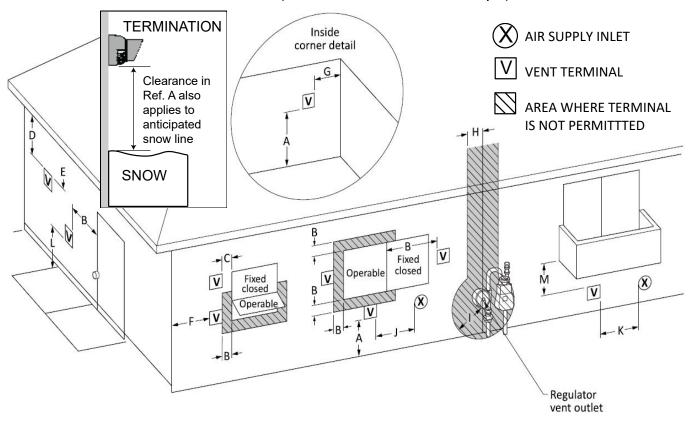
Non-Direct (Room Air) Vent

Multiple water heaters using room air for combustion while sharing an exhaust header that vents directly to the outside.



1

Direct Vent Termination Clearances (For Concentric and Twin Pipe)



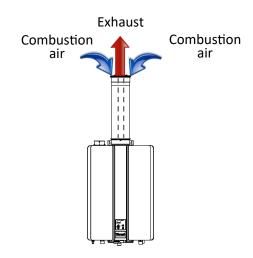
		Canadian Installations (CSA B149.1)	U.S. Installations (ANSI Z223.1 /NFPA 54)
Ref	Description	Direct Vent (Indoor Unit)	Direct Vent (Indoor Unit)
Α	Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in. (30 cm)	12 in. (30 cm)
В	Clearance to window or door that may be opened	36 in. (91 cm)	12 in. (30 cm)
С	Clearance to permanently closed window	*	*
D	Vertical clearance to ventilated soffit, located above the terminal within a horizontal distance of 2 ft (61 cm) from the center line of the terminal	*	*
Е	Clearance to unventilated soffit	*	*
F	Clearance to outside corner	*	*
G	Clearance to inside corner	*	*
Н	Clearance to each side of center line extended above meter/regulator assembly	*	*
I	Clearance to service regulator vent outlet	Above a regulator within 3 ft (91 cm) horizontally of the vertical center line of the regulator vent outlet to a maximum vertical distance of 15 ft (4 m)	*
J	Clearance to non-mechanical air supply inlet to building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance	36 in. (91 cm)	12 in. (30 cm)
K	Clearance to a mechanical air supply inlet	6 ft (1.83 m)	3 ft (91 cm) above if within 10 ft (3 m) horizontally
L	Clearance above paved sidewalk or paved driveway located on public property	7 ft (2.13 m) [1]	*
М	Clearance under veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in. (30 cm) [2]	*

Clearance to opposite wall is 24 in. (60 cm).

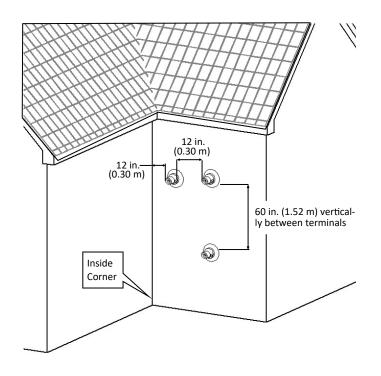
- A vent shall not terminate directly above a sidewalk or paved driveway that is located between two single family dwellings and serves both dwellings.
- [2] Permitted only if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is fully open on a mini-
- Clearances are in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier. (Dégagement conforme aux codes d'installation locaux et aux exigences du foumisseur de gaz.)

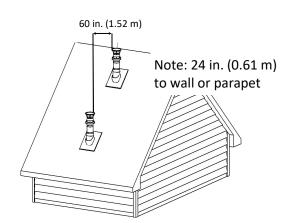
Concentric Pipe Overview

Combustion air and exhaust vent directly through a single concentric connection. Hot exhaust exits through the interior tube, while combustion air enters through the outer layer.

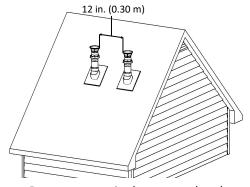


Concentric Pipe Termination Clearances





Between terminals at different levels

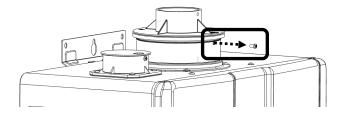


Between terminals at same level

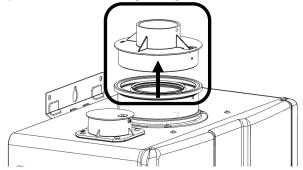
All terminations (horizontal and/or vertical) must terminate 12 in. (0.30 m) above grade or anticipated snow level.

Concentric Pipe Installation Instructions

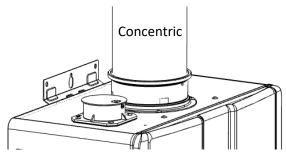
Remove and discard screw from concentric flue connection.



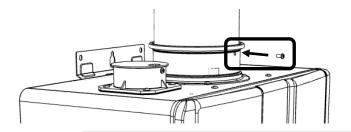
Remove exhaust adapter ring (discard for concentric venting configurations).



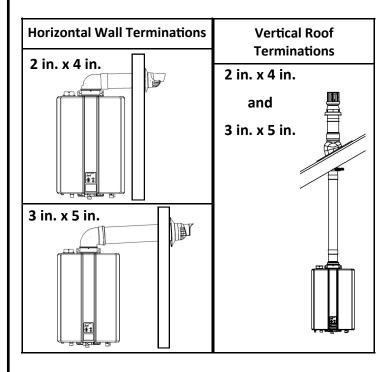
Install the concentric vent. Ensure it is properly seated.



Secure the vent pipe to the concentric flue connection with the supplied screw.



Concentric Pipe Example Vent Applications



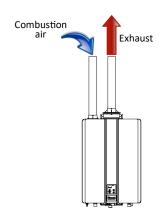
Concentric Pipe Maximum Vent Length

Concentric Vent Maximum Equivalent Length						
Vent Sizes	2 in. X 4 in.	3 in. X 5 in.				
Vent Lengths	65 ft (20 m)	150 ft (46 m)				
45° elbow is equivalent to 3 ft (1 m)						

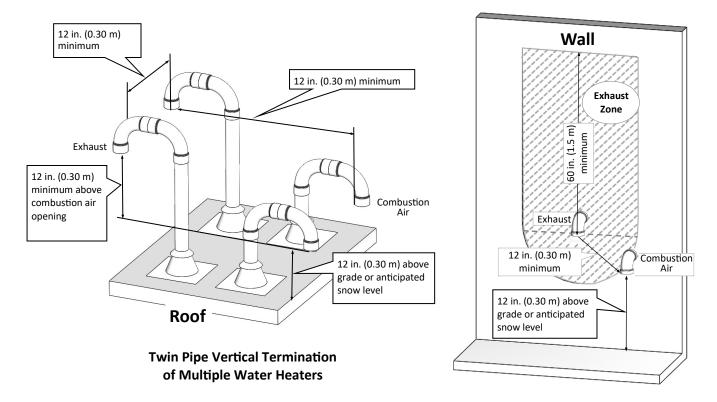
Important: Install the venting termination according to the diagrams and instructions in this manual. Slope the venting 1/4 in. per foot toward the appliance according to the vent manufacturer's installation instructions. Dispose of condensate per local codes.

Twin Pipe Overview

Combustion air and exhaust vent directly through separate penetrations.



Twin Pipe Termination Clearances



Combustion air termination not permitted in shaded area



Horizontal Vent and Combustion Air Piping

For illustration purposes only. Listed equivalent length is based on worst case scenario of 3 X 90° elbows or 18 equivalent ft.

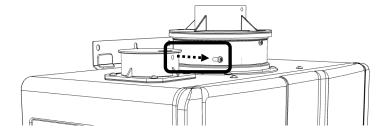
Twin Pipe Installation Instructions

The water heater is equipped with a 2 in. (51 mm) pipe connection. With the use of a pipe reducer, installers can use a 3 in. (76 mm) pipe for the combustion air and exhaust.

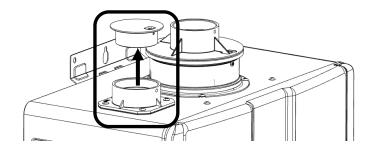
AWARNING

<u>DO NOT</u> apply PVC glues, solvents, or cleaners to the water heater's combustion air or exhaust gasket connections. Failure to correctly assemble the components according to these instructions may result in property damage, personal injury, or death.

Remove and discard the screw from the combustion air vent connection.

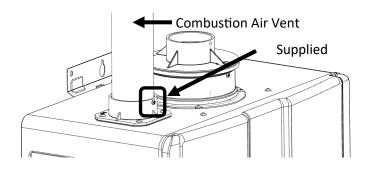


Remove and discard the combustion air vent cap.



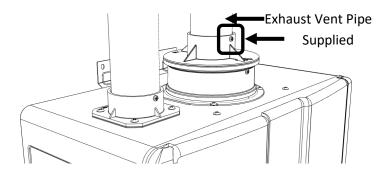
Install the combustion air vent pipe. Ensure it is properly seated.

Secure the combustion air vent pipe to the combustion air vent connection with the supplied screw.



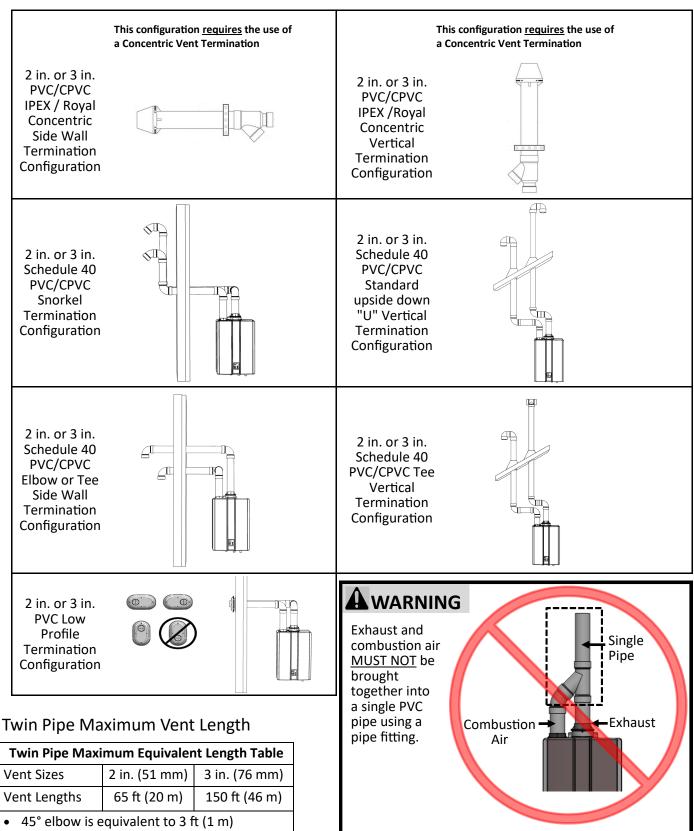
Install the exhaust vent pipe. Ensure it is properly seated.

Secure the exhaust vent pipe to the exhaust adapter ring with the supplied screw.



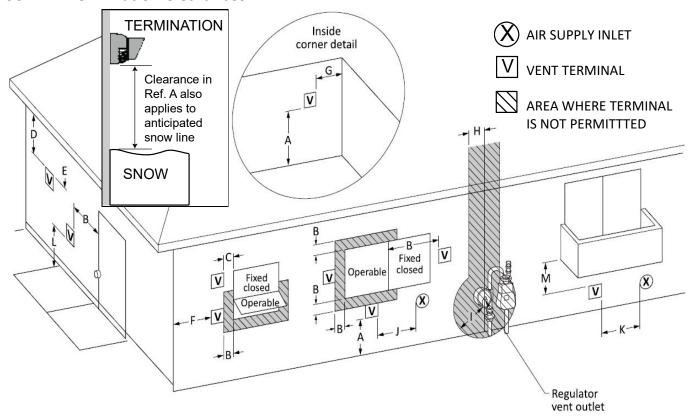
Twin Pipe Example Vent Applications

Slope horizontal exhaust 1/4 in. per foot towards the water heater. DO NOT slope combustion air pipe towards the water heater.



2

Room Air Termination Clearances



		Canadian Installations (CSA B149.1)	U.S. Installations (ANSI Z223.1 /NFPA 54)
Ref	Description	Other than direct vent (Outdoor unit and/or Room Air)	Other than direct vent (Outdoor unit and/or Room Air)
Α	Clearance above grade, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in. (30 cm)	12 in. (30 cm)
В	Clearance to window or door that may be opened	36 in. (91 cm)	4 ft (1.2 m) below or to side of opening; 1 ft (300 mm) above opening
С	Clearance to permanently closed window	*	*
D	Vertical clearance to ventilated soffit, located above the terminal within a horizontal distance of 2 ft (61 cm) from the center line of the terminal	*	*
Е	Clearance to unventilated soffit	*	*
F	Clearance to outside corner	*	*
G	Clearance to inside corner	*	*
Н	Clearance to each side of center line extended above meter/regulator assembly	*	*
I	Clearance to service regulator vent outlet	Above a regulator within 3 ft (91 cm) horizontally of the vertical center line of the regulator vent outlet to a maximum vertical distance of 15 ft (4 m)	*
J	Clearance to non-mechanical air supply inlet to building or the combustion air inlet to any other appliance	36 in. (91 cm)	4 ft (1.2 m) below or to side of opening; 1 ft (300 mm) above opening
К	Clearance to a mechanical air supply inlet	6 ft (1.83 m)	3 ft (91 cm) above if within 10 ft (3 m) horizontally
L	Clearance above paved sidewalk or paved driveway located on public property	7 ft (2.13 m) [1]	*
М	Clearance under veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in. (30 cm) [2]	*

Clearance to opposite wall is 24 in. (60 cm).

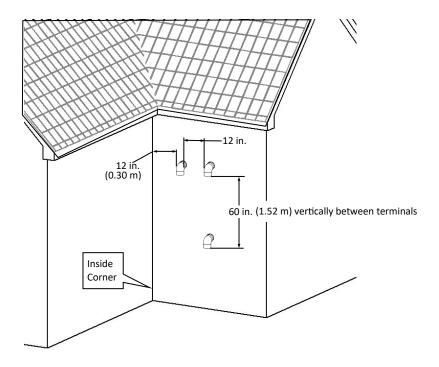
- [1] A vent shall not terminate directly above a sidewalk or paved driveway that is located between two single family dwellings and serves both dwellings.
- [2] Permitted only if veranda, porch, deck, or balcony is fully open on a mini-
- * Clearances are in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier. (Dégagement conforme aux codes d'installation locaux et aux exigences du foumisseur de gaz.)

Non-Direct Vent (Room Air)

NOTE: Installation of Non-Direct Vent (Room Air) must use listed category IV venting.

NOTE: All terminations (horizontal and/or vertical) must terminate 12 in. above grade or anticipated snow level.

Exhaust Termination Clearances for Internal (Indoor) Room Air Applications



2 Non-Direct Vent (Room Air)

Combustion Air



This water heater requires adequate combustion air for ventilation and dilution of flue gases. Failure to provide adequate combustion air can result in unit failure, fire, explosion, serious bodily injury or death. Use the following methods to ensure adequate combustion air is available for correct and safe operation of this water heater.

Important: Combustion air must be free of corrosive chemicals. Do not provide combustion air from corrosive environments. Appliance failure due to corrosive air is not covered by warranty.

For applications containing corrosive indoor air, this appliance must be installed as direct vent. DO NOT use room air in applications where combustion air contains acid forming chemicals such as sulfur, fluorine and chlorine. These chemicals have been found to cause rapid damage and decay and can become toxic when used as combustion air in gas appliances. Such chemicals can be found in, but not limited to bleach, ammonia, cat litter, aerosol sprays, cleaning solvents, varnish, paint and air fresheners. Do not store these products or similar products in the vicinity of this water heater.

Unconfined Space

An unconfined space is defined in *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54* as "a space whose volume is not less than 50 cubic feet per 1000 Btu/hr (4.8 m3 per kW per hour) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space. Rooms communicating directly with the space in which the appliances are installed, through openings not furnished with doors, are considered a part of the unconfined space." If the "unconfined space" containing the appliance(s) is in a building with tight construction, additional outside air may be required for proper operation. Outside air openings should be sized the same as for a confined space.

Confined Space

A confined space is defined in the *National Fuel Gas Code, ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54* as "a space whose volume is less than 50 cubic feet per 1000 Btu/hr (4.8 m3 per kW per hour) of the aggregate input rating of all appliances installed in that space." Examples include a small room, closet, alcove, utility room, etc. A confined space must have two combustion air openings. Size the combustion air openings based on the BTU input for all gas utilization equipment in the space and the method by which combustion air is supplied.

Using Indoor Air For Combustion: When using air from other room(s) in the building, the total volume of the room(s) must be of adequate volume (Greater than 50 cubic feet per 1000 Btu/hr). Combustion air openings between joining rooms must have at least 1 square inch of free area for each 1000 Btu/hr, but not less than 100 square inches each.

Using Outdoor Air For Combustion

Outdoor air can be provided to a confined space through two permanent openings, one commencing within 12 in. (0.30 m) of the top and one commencing within 12 in. (0.30 m) of the bottom, of the confined space. The openings shall communicate to the outside by one of two ways.

When communicating directly with the outdoors through horizontal ducts, each opening shall have a minimum free area of 1 in 2 /2000 Btu/hr (1100 mm 2 /kW) of total input rating of all appliances in the confined space.

Note: If ducts are used, the cross sectional area of the duct must be greater than or equal to the required free area of the openings to which they are connected.

Combustion Air (Continued)

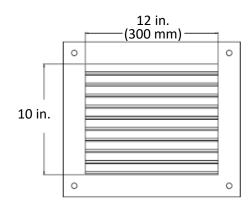
Louvers and Grills

When sizing the permanent opening consideration must be taken for the design of the louvers or grills to maintain the required free area required for all gas utilizing equipment in the space. If the free area of the louver or grill design is not available, assume wood louvers will have 25% free area and metal louvers or grills will have 75% free area. Under no circumstance should the louver, grill or screen have openings smaller than 1/4 in.

Example: Wood: $10 \text{ in } \times 12 \text{ in } \times 0.25 = 30 \text{ in}^2$ Metal: $10 \text{ in } \times 12 \text{ in } \times 0.75 = 90 \text{ in}^2$

Location

To maintain proper circulation of combustion air two permanent openings (one upper, one lower) must be positioned in confined spaces. The upper shall be within 12 in. (0.30 m) of the top of the confined space and the lower opening shall be within 12 in. (0.30 m) of the bottom of the confined space. Openings must be positioned as to never be obstructed.

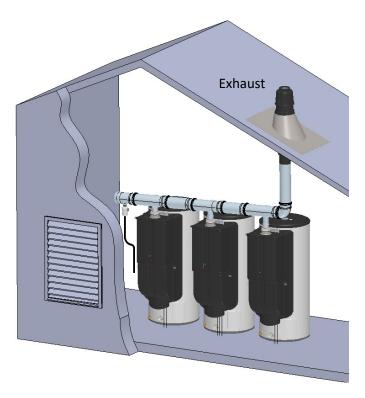


NOTICE

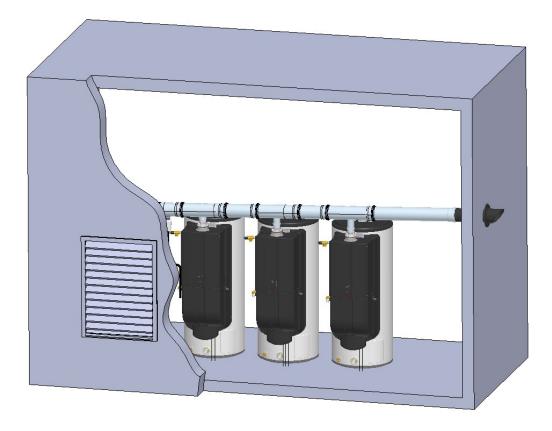
Combustion air provided to the appliance should not be taken from any area of the structure that may produce a negative pressure (i.e. exhaust fans, powered ventilation fans).

AWARNING

TO PREVENT POSSIBLE PERSONAL INJURY OR DEATH DUE TO ASPHYXIATION, COMMON VENTING WITH OTHER MANUFACTURER'S INDUCED DRAFT APPLIANCES IS NOT ALLOWED.

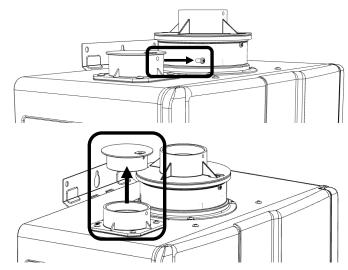


Vent termination per ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54. For clearances not specified in ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, clearances are in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier.



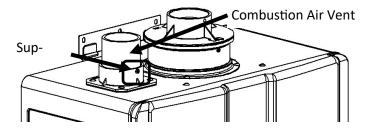
Non-Direct Vent (Room Air) Installation Instructions

- Remove and discard screw from combustion air vent connection.
- Remove and discard the combustion air vent cap.



(3) Install the combustion air vent pipe. Ensure it is properly seated.

Secure the combustion air vent pipe to the combustion air vent connection with the supplied screw.

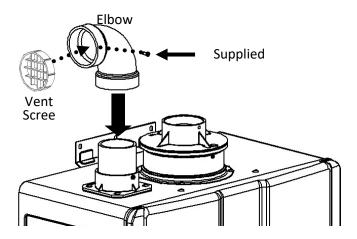


Place the vent screen or room air screen inside elbow and secure with the supplied screw. Use the room air screen for environments where room air is dusty.

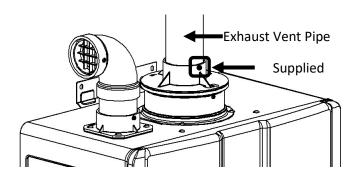
Note:

- 2 in. vent screen supplied with water heater.
- Room air screen is available as an accessory.

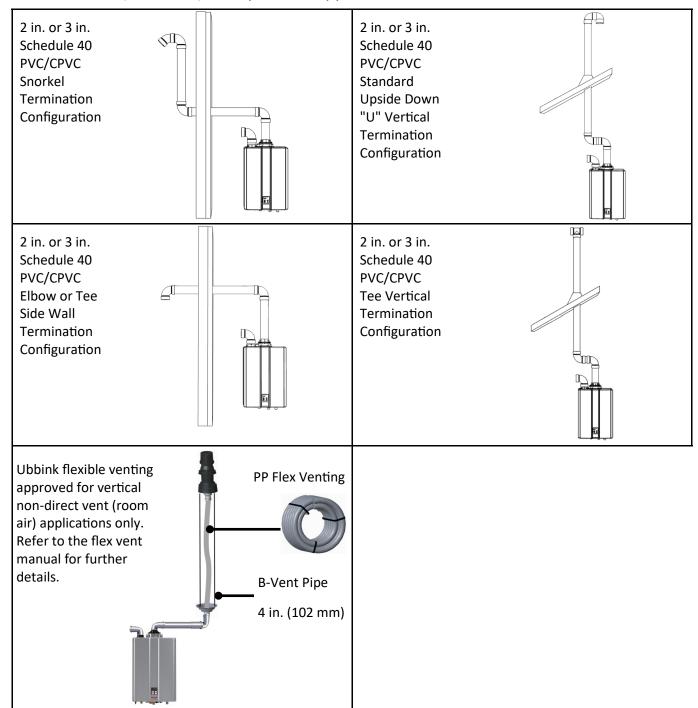
Glue elbow to the combustion air PVC vent pipe per manufacturer's instructions.



- 5 Install the exhaust vent pipe. Ensure it is properly seated.
 - Secure the exhaust vent pipe to the exhaust adapter ring with the supplied screw.



Non-Direct Vent (Room Air) Example Vent Applications



Slope horizontal exhaust 1/4 in. per foot towards the water heater.

Non-Direct Vent (Room Air) Maximum Vent Length

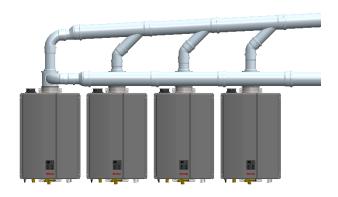
Room Air Maximum Equivalent Length Table				
Vent Sizes	2 in. (51 mm)	3 in. (76 mm)	2 in. (51 mm) Ubbink Flex	
Vent Lengths	65 ft (20 m)	150 ft (46 m)	50 ft (15 m)	

- 45° elbow is equivalent to 3 ft (1 m)
- 90° elbow is equivalent to 6 ft (2 m)

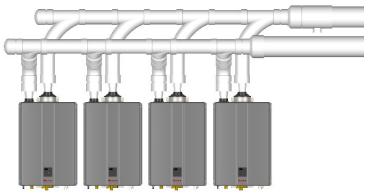
Common Vent (Indoor Units Only. Direct Vent and Non-Direct/Room Air Vent)

Common venting allows multiple Rinnai Tankless Water Heaters to share the same vent system.

Rinnai water heaters can only be common vented with Schedule 40 PVC/CPVC or with the Rinnai certified common vent system.



Example: Rinnai Common Venting



Example: Schedule 40 PVC/CPVC
Common Vent

General Guidelines

When installing Common Vent, follow these guidelines:

- Use only the materials listed in this manual for vent, air intake pipe, and fittings. Failure to comply with this warning could result in property damage, personal injury, or death.
- When cutting vent components, ensure that the cuts are straight.
- Chamfer and deburr all edges before installing the components.
- Vent joints must not leak. Confirm gas tight connections of every vent joint.
- Before operating the water heater(s), ensure vent system is clean and free of debris.
- Vent system must be supported according to the vent manufacture's installation instructions.
- Venting should be as direct as possible with a minimum number of fittings.
- The common vent system must only be installed by a trained and qualified professional.

COMMON VENT TERMINATION CLEARANCES

- Vent termination per ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54. For clearances not specified in ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54, clearances are in accordance with local installation codes and the requirements of the gas supplier.
- Refer to section "3.5 Vent the Water Heater" for additional clearance requirements specific to the installation application.

AWARNING

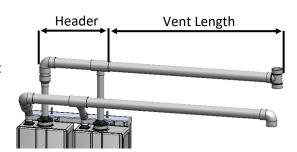
- DO NOT slope the combustion air pipe toward unit. Failure to comply with this warning could result in property damage, personal injury, or death.
- DO NOT apply PVC/CPVC glues, solvents, or cleaners to the tankless water heater's intake or exhaust gasket connections. Failure to correctly assemble the components according to these instructions may result in property damage, personal injury, or death.

DO NOT

- DO NOT obstruct combustion air flow or exhaust gas flow in the venting system.
- DO NOT install the water heater in an area with negative air pressure.
- DO NOT combine the common vent system with existing vents, chimneys, or vent pipes connected to other water heaters, boilers or appliances.
- DO NOT common vent different Rinnai models in a single common vent system.
- DO NOT use cellular core PVC/CPVC, Radel, ABS or galvanized materials.
- DO NOT combine vent components from different manufacturers.

For the table below:

- Header is the main vent pipe into which several vents connect
- Vent Length is the distance from the end of the header to the vent termination.
- Maximum vent length starts at the end of the header system.
- Use 10 ft (3 m) as equivalent vent length for 90° elbows.
- For use with RU199i internal (indoor) tankless water heaters only.



Common Vent Maximum Equivalent Vent Length Rinnai Common Vent System or Schedule 40 PVC/CPVC

			HEADER DIAMETER				
Water Heater Model	# Water Heaters	Max System Btu/hr	3 in.	4 in.		6 in.	
			3 in.	4 in.	6 in.	6 in.	
			Vent Diameter	Vent Diameter	Vent Diameter	Vent Diameter	
	2	398,000	65 ft	150 ft			
	3	597,000		130 10			
RU199i	4	796,000		65 ft	150 ft		
(REU-N3237FFC-US)	5	995,000				150 ft	
	6	1,194,000					
	7	1,393,000			70 ft		
	8	1,592,000					

Various 3 in., 4 in. and 6 in. Schedule 40 PVC/CPVC Terminations

Product Description	Diagram	Horizontal	Vertical	Equivalent Length (ft)
Tee		\	\	10
90° Elbow		>	>	10
45° Elbow		/	*	5

Rinnai Common Vent Terminations (Ubbink C-Vent)

Manufacturer	Phone	Web Site
Ubbink	800-621-9419	www.rinnai.us

Part Number	Product Description	Diagram	Horizontal	Vertical	Equivalent Length (ft)
790096 790095	CVent Roof Termination 6 in. CVent Roof Termination 4in.			*	5
790125	CVent Roof Termination 3 in.			✓	5
790094 790093 90124	CVent Wall Terminal Kit 6 in. CVent Wall Terminal Kit 6 in. CVent Wall Terminal Kit 6 in.		>		5
780061 780060	Intake Rain Cap 6 in. Intake Rain Cap 4 in.			~	N/A
790098 790097	Exhaust Flue Rain Cap 6 in. Exhaust Flue Rain Cap 4 in.			~	N/A

Schedule 40 PVC/CPVC Common Vent Guidelines

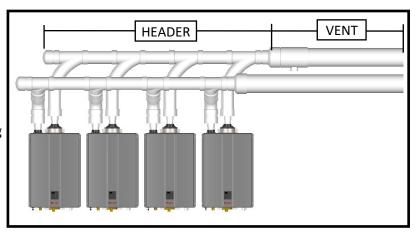
⚠ WARNING

PVC solvents (primer and glue) can be extremely flammable. Vapors may cause a flash fire or explosion resulting in property damage, personal injury or death.

- Keep solvents away from heat, sparks, flames and all other sources of ignition.
- Do not solder, cut or weld until all vapors have dissipated.
- PVC solvents are heavier than air causing them to settle at low points of the system.
- Before Using PVC solvent
 - Disconnect power to the water heater.
 - Remove the front cover of the water heater.
 - Ensure areas around the water heater and PVC venting are all well ventilated.
 - Allow all vapors to dissipate before applying power to the system or introducing any other source of ignition.

When installing PVC/CPVC Common Vent, follow these guidelines:

- Avoid sharp bends or tees in the vent system.
 These vent components create additional restrictions that could reduce performance of the water heaters.
- PVC combustion air and exhaust should terminate with elbow or tee pointing down.
 This will stop unwanted moisture from entering the vent system.
- Fire rated penetrations shall be firestopped.
 Contact your vent supplier or local firestop manufacturer for appropriate firestop methods.
- Examine all vent components for damage prior to installation.
- PVC/CPVC vent systems must be free to expand and contract. Refer to the vent manufacturer's installation instructions for appropriate support methods.
- PVC/CPVC venting must include unrestricted vent movement through walls, ceilings, and roof penetrations.
- Use only PVC/CPVC primer and cement approved for use by the vent manufacturer.
- Refer to vent manufacturer's installation instructions for proper joint assembly procedures and products.
- PVC/CPVC common venting should include a condensate drain and trap between the header and vent length. Condensate trap must include a loop that can hold 6 in. (15 cm) of water. See "PVC/CPVC Common Vent Installation" illustration on this page.



PVC/CPVC Common Vent Installation

DO NOT

- DO NOT mix vent pipe, fittings or joining methods from different vent manufacturers.
- DO NOT attempt to repair damaged vent. Damaged vent components must be replaced.
- DO NOT use short radius elbows in the common vent system.

ACCEPTABLE	ACCEPTABLE	NOT ACCEPTABLE
90° Elbows,	90° Elbows,	90° Elbows,
Long Sweep	Short Sweep	Close Turn

6 System Plumbing

Pressure Relief Valve Requirements

An approved pressure relief valve (preinstalled) is required by the *American National Standard (ANSI Z21.10.3)* for all water heating systems and shall be accessible for servicing.

DO NOT

- Do not plug the relief valve and do not install any reducing fittings or other restrictions in the relief line. The relief line should allow for complete drainage of the valve and the line.
- Do not place any other type valve or shutoff device between the relief valve and the water heater.

MUST DO

- The relief valve must comply with the standard for Relief Valves and Automatic Gas Shutoff Devices for Hot Water Supply Systems ANSI Z21.22 and /or the standard Temperature, Pressure, Temperature and Pressure Relief Valves and Vacuum Relief Valves, CAN1-4.4.
- The pressure relief valve must be rated up to 150 psi and to at least the maximum Btu/hr of the appliance.
- The discharge from the pressure relief valve should be piped to the ground or into a drain system per local codes.
- The pressure relief valve must be manually operated once a year to check for correct operation.
- The relief valve should be added to the hot water outlet line and near the hot water outlet according to the manufacturer's instructions. DO NOT place any other type valve or shut off device between the relief valve and the water heater.

A WARNING

Water discharged from the pressure relief valve could cause severe burns instantly or death from scalds.

INFORMATION

If a relief valve discharges periodically, this may be due to thermal expansion in a closed water supply system. Contact the water supplier or local plumbing inspector on how to correct this situation. Do not plug the relief valve.

PRV Temperature Requirements

Install the Temperature-Pressure Relief (T&P) Valve according to these instructions.

The tank portion of this system is provided with a combination temperature-pressure relief valve. For safe operation of the water heater, the relief valve(s) must not be removed from its designated point of installation or plugged.

An approved Temperature-Pressure Relief Valve is required by the *American National Standard (ANSI Z21.10.3)* for all water heating systems, and shall be accessible for servicing.

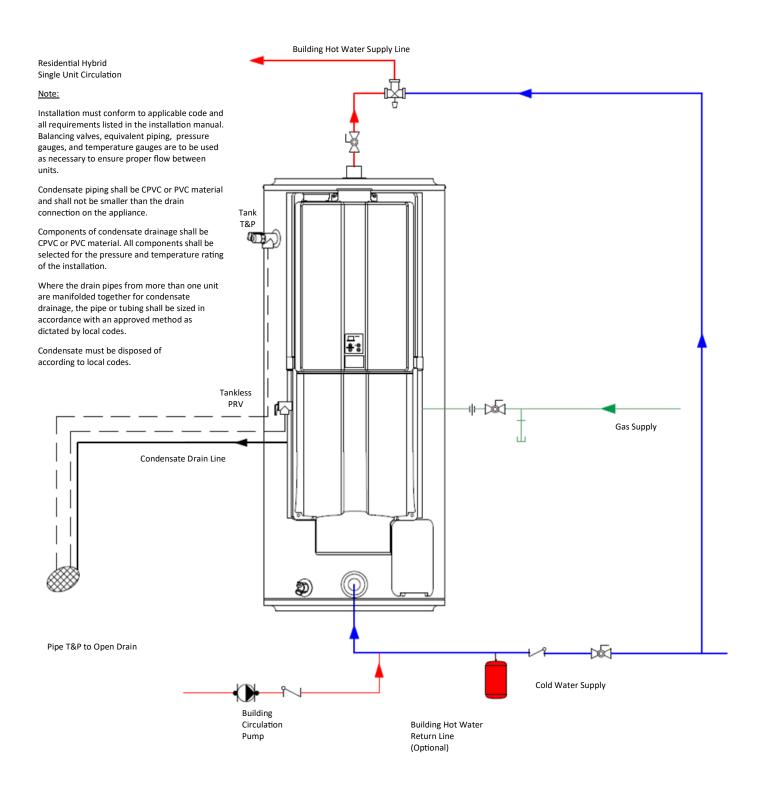
DO NOT

- Do not plug the T&P valve and do not install any reducing fittings or other restrictions in the relief line.
 The relief line should allow for complete drainage of the T&P valve and the line.
- Do not place any other type valve or shut off device between the relief valve and the water heater.
- Do not pipe temperature-pressure relief valve, pressure relief valve, and/or condensate drain together into a common pipe.

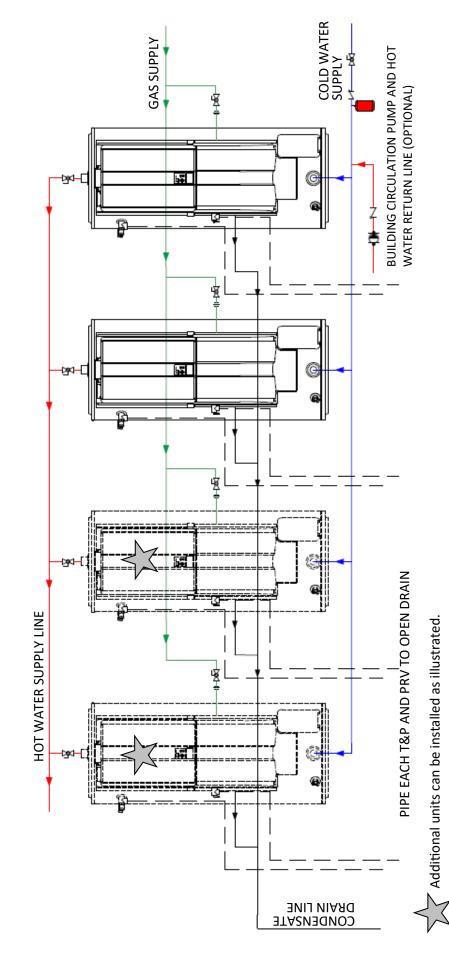
MUST DO

- The T&P valve must comply with the standard for Relief Valves and Automatic Gas Shutoff Devices for Hot Water Supply Systems ANSI Z21.22 and /or the standard Temperature, Pressure, Temperature and Pressure Relief Valves and Vacuum Relief Valves, CAN1-4.4.
- The T&P valve must be rated up to 150 psi and to at least the maximum Btu/hr of the appliance.
- The discharge from the T&P Valve should be piped to the ground or into a drain system to prevent exposure or possible burn hazards to humans or other plant or animal life. Follow local codes. Water discharged from the relief valve could cause severe burns instantly, scalds, or death.
- The Temperature-Pressure Relief Valve must be manually operated once a year to check for correct operation.

Piping Diagram for Basic Installations



Piping Diagram for Multiple Unit Installations



Notes:

- Installation must conform to applicable code and all requirements listed in the installation manual. Balancing valves, equivalent piping, pressure gages, and temperature gages are to be used as necessary to ensure proper flow between units.
- Condensate piping shall be CPVC or PVC material and shall not be smaller than the drain connection on the appliance.
- Components of the condensate drainage shall be CPVC or PVC material. All components shall be selected for the pressure and temperature rating of the installation.
- Where the drain pipes from more than one unit are manifolded together for condensate drainage, the pipe or tubing shall be sized in accordance with an approved method as dictated by local codes.
- Condensate must be disposed of according to local codes.

Connect the Water Heater to the Water Supply

Water connections to the Residential Hybrid System should follow all state and local plumbing codes.

If this is a standard installation, refer to the Piping Diagram for basic installation.

- Use of this layout should provide a trouble-free installation for the life of the water heater.
 Before making the plumbing connections, locate the COLD water inlet and the HOT water outlet.
 - The COLD water inlet is a 1-1/2 in. MNPT fitting on the lower portion of the tank below the tankless unit.
 - The HOT water outlet is a 1-1/2 in. MNPT fitting located at the top of the tank. Install a shut-off valve close to the water heater in the cold water line. It is recommended that unions be installed in the cold and hot water lines so that the water heater can be easily disconnected, if servicing is required.
- 2. When assembling the hot and cold piping, use a good food grade pipe joint compound, and ensure all fittings are tight. It is imperative that open flame is not applied to the inlet and outlet fittings, as heat will damage or destroy the plastic lined fittings. This will result in premature failure of the fittings, which is not covered by the warranty.

Fill the System

DO NOT OPERATE THIS WATER HEATER UNLESS IT IS COMPLETELY FULL OF WATER. To prevent damage to the water heater, all air must be relieved from the system and a hot water fixture must be flowing water before the water heater is plugged in and turned on. To ensure safe and effective operation of the water heater, use the following filling procedure. To fill the water heater:

- 1. Ensure the drain valve located at the bottom of the tank is closed.
- 2. Open the nearest hot water fixture in the plumbing system.
- 3. Open the cold water supply valve to the water heater.
- 4. Keep the hot water fixture open until the tank is filled and constant flow is obtained at the fixture.
- 5. Check water heater connections and plumbing system for damage or leaks. Repair if needed.



DO NOT OPERATE THIS WATER HEATER UNLESS IT IS COMPLETELY FULL OF WATER

Condensate

Condensate can form in the vent of high efficiency direct vent appliances. Without proper drainage, condensate will damage the heat exchanger.

To prevent condensate damage, follow these instructions.

DO NOT

- Do not connect the condensate drain pipe directly to the rain sewer.
- Do not connect the condensate drain line with an air conditioning evaporator coil drain.
- Do not pipe condensate drain, temperaturepressure relief valve, and/or pressure relief valve together into a common pipe.

MUST DO

- Use only venting that is approved and identified as acceptable for your particular model.
- Slope the venting toward the appliance according to the vent manufacturer's installation instructions.
- All condensate must drain and be disposed of according to local codes.
- Use only corrosion resistant materials for the condensate drain lines such as PVC pipe or plastic hose.
- The condensate drain pipe (along its entire length) must be at least the same diameter as the drain line, (1/2 inch NPT).
- The end of the condensate drain pipe should be open to the atmosphere. The end should not be under water or other substances.
- To minimize freezing of the condensate, run the condensate drain line through an interior wall or between insulation and an interior wall.
- Ensure that condensate drain, PRV, and T & P are piped separately to their own dedicated drain lines.

INFORMATION

- Water heaters have an integrated condensate collector.
- The condensate drain pipe should be as short as possible and have a downward pitch.
- If the condensate drain gets blocked, a diagnostic code will display on the controller. If this occurs, the condensate drain must be cleaned.
- The condensate trap will automatically prime (selfprime) during operation of the unit as condensate forms. Condensate draining from the unit indicates that the trap is full and that there is no blockage in the condensate drain. It is not necessary to add water to the condensate trap.
- A condensate neutralizer kit, 804000074, is available from Rinnai. The kit allows condensate to flow through neutralizing media that raises the pH of the condensate to a level that will help prevent corrosion of the drain and public sewer system.

A Condensate line must be installed to the 1/2 in. PVC elbow located at the left side of the lower enclosure.

Condensate line must pitch toward the drain.

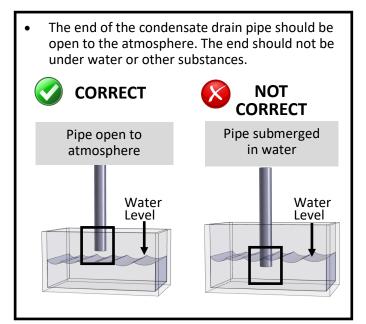
Air gap must be installed on the condensate line to enable the condensate to drain.

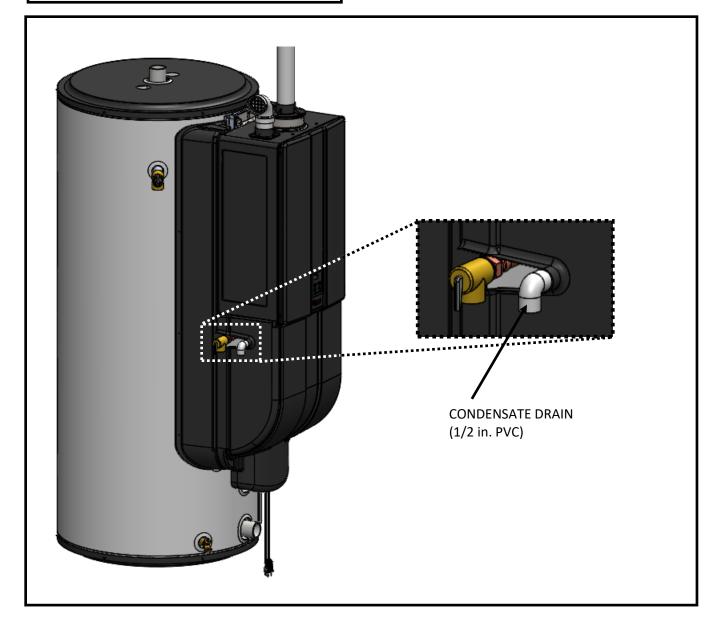


DO NOT

- DO NOT connect the condensate drain line with an air conditioning evaporator coil drain.
- Water heaters have an integrated condensate trap. DO NOT install an external condensate trap.

EXTERNAL TRAP NOT REQUIRED





7 Gas Supply

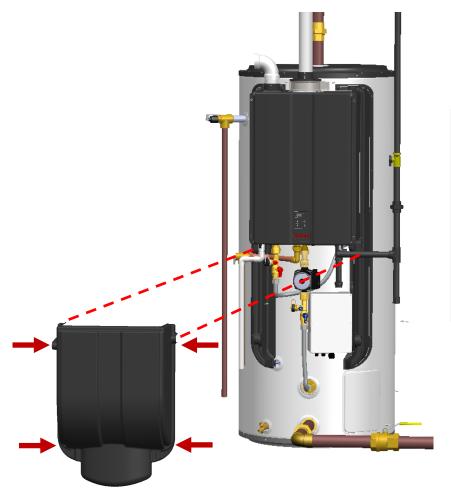
Connect the Gas Supply

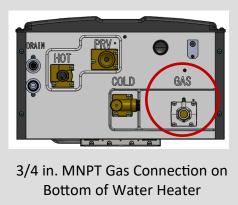
A WARNING

- A licensed professional must install the gas supply.
- Turn off 120V power supply.
- Turn off the gas.
- Gas is flammable. Do not smoke or provide other ignition sources while working with gas.
- Do not turn on the water heater or gas until all fumes are gone.

To connect the gas supply, follow the instructions below:

1. Access the gas connections by removing the four (4) plastic rivet screws that attach the lower enclosure to the assembly. Then, slowly remove the lower enclosure.

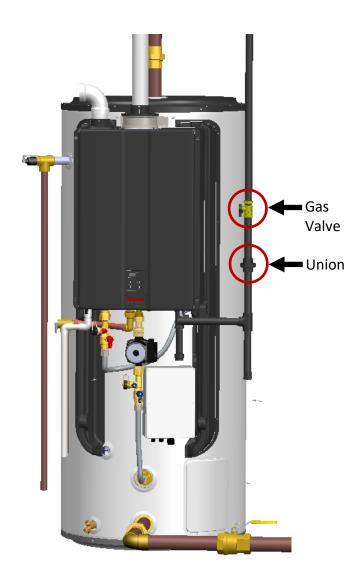




Rinnai Residential Hybrid System Installation and Operation Manual

Lower Enclosure

- Install a manual gas control valve in the gas supply line to the water heater. A union can be used on the connection above the shut off valve for the future servicing or disconnection of the water heater (see right image)
- Check the type of gas and gas supply pressure before connecting the water heater. If the water heater is not of the gas type that the building is supplied with, DO NOT connect the water heater. Contact the dealer for the proper water heater to match the gas type.
- 4. Check the gas supply pressure immediately upstream at a location provided by the gas company. Supplied gas pressure must be within the limits shown in the **Specifications** section with all gas appliances operating.
- 5. Before placing the appliance in operation, all joints including the heater must be checked for gas tightness by means of soap, gas leak detector solution, or an equivalent nonflammable solution, as applicable. (Since some leak test solutions, including soap and water, may cause corrosion or stress cracking, the piping shall be rinsed with water after testing, unless it has been determined that the leak test solution is non-corrosive.)
- 6. Use approved connectors to connect the water heater to the gas line. Purge the gas line of any debris before connection to the water heater.
- 7. Any compound used on the threaded joint of the gas piping shall be a type that resists the action of liquefied petroleum gas (propane/LPG).
- 8. The gas supply line shall be gas tight, sized, and so installed as to provide a supply of gas sufficient to meet the maximum demand of the heater and all other gas consuming appliances at the location without loss of pressure. If in doubt about the size of the gas line, refer to the Installation and Operation Manual for Residential RU199 Condensing Tankless Water Heaters.
- 9. Perform a leak and pressure test prior to operating the water heater. If a leak is detected, do not operate the water heater until the leak is repaired.



8 Power Supply

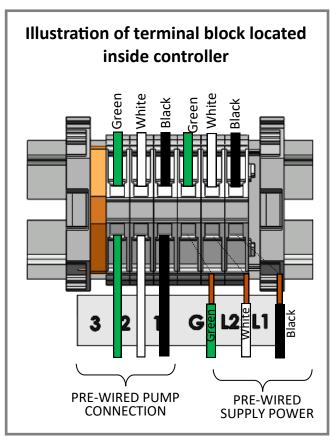
WARNING

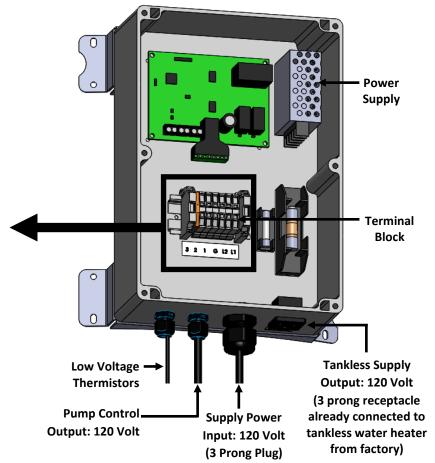
- Do not use an extension cord or adapter plug with this appliance.
- The water heater must be electrically grounded in accordance with local codes and ordinances or, in the absence of local codes, in accordance with the National Electrical Code, ANSI/NFPA No. 70.
- Indoor water heaters are equipped with a three-prong (grounding) plug for your protection against shock hazard and should be plugged directly into a properly grounded three-prong receptacle. Do not cut or remove the grounding terminal from this plug.

Guidelines

When connecting the power supply, follow these guidelines:

- Do not rely on the gas or water piping to ground the water heater. Ground locations are provided inside the water heater.
- The water heater requires 120 VAC, 60 Hz power from a properly grounded circuit.
- If using the 5 ft (1.5 m) power cord (included with controller), plug it into a standard 3 prong 120 VAC, 60 Hz properly grounded wall outlet.
- Do no connect power to the residential hybrid system prior to completing installation and the system has been filled with water.
- The Tankless Water Heater wiring diagram is located on the inside of the water heater front cover. The controller wiring diagram is located on the inside front cover of the controller.





Electrical Connections

System Controller

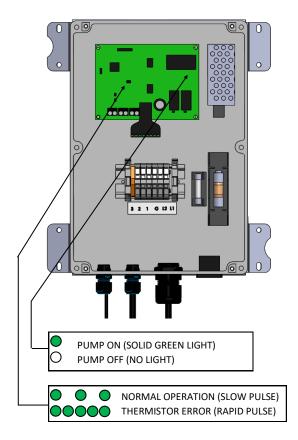
The system controller maintains communication between the tank and tankless to effectively control the tank temperature based on the selected temperature on the tankless unit.

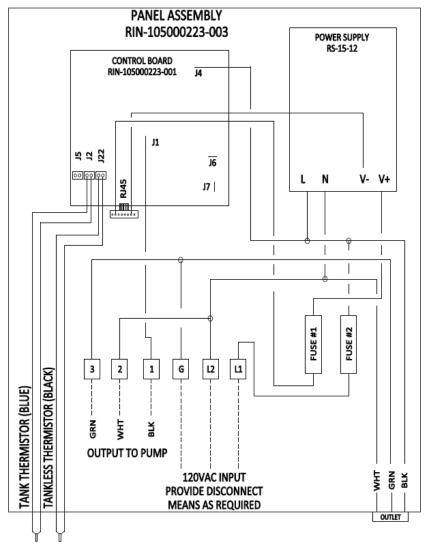
By reading the tank temperature (J22) and tankless outlet temperature (J2), the system controller will energize (120V) the pump when the tank temperature drops. When the tank temperature returns to the selected set temperature the system controller will de-energize the pump and remain in standby until the tank temperature drops again.



When power is supplied, the system controller will maintain pump operation. If system is not in use for an extended period of time, disconnect power from the system.

Controller Diagnostics





9 Post-Installation Checklist

	The water heater is not subject to corrosive compounds in the air.		Confirm that the electricity is supplied from a 120 VAC, 60 Hz power source, is in a properly grounded circuit, and turned on. Verify the temperature controller is functioning	
	The water supply does not contain chemicals or exceed total hardness that will damage the heat			
	exchanger.		properly.	
	Clearances from the water heater unit are met.		Confirm parameter settings are set appropriately	
	•	П	for the altitude. Verify the system is functioning correctly by	
	are met. Ensure you have used the correct venting products for the model installed and that you have completely followed the venting manufacturer's installation instructions and these installation instructions.		connecting your manometer to the gas pressure test port on the water heater. Operate all gas appliances in the home or facility at high fire. The inlet gas pressure at the water heater must not drop below that listed on the rating plate.	
	Verify that the vent system does not exceed the maximum length for the number of elbows used.		<u>DO NOT</u> introduce toxic chemicals such as those used for boiler water treatment to the potable water used for space heating.	
clo co da	Purge the water line of all debris and air by closing the hot isolation valve and opening the cold isolation valve and its drain. Debris will damage the water heater. Use a bucket or hose if necessary.		If the water heater is not needed for immediate use, then drain the water from the heat exchanger.	
			Install the front panel.	
	Ensure that hot and cold water lines are not crossed to the unit and are leak free.		Explain to the customer the importance of not blocking the vent termination or air intake.	
	A manual gas control valve has been placed in the gas line to the water heater.		Explain to the customer the operation of the water heater, safety guidelines, maintenance, and	
	Ensure that a pressure relief valve is installed with a rating that exceeds the BTU input of the water heater model. Refer to the rating plate on the side of the water heater for BTU input.		warranty. The installation must conform with local codes or in the absence of local codes, with the <i>National Fuel Gas Code</i> , <i>ANSI Z223.1/NFPA 54</i> , or the	
	Clean the inlet water filter by closing the cold and hot water inlet isolation (shut-off) valves. Put a bucket under the filter at the bottom of the water heater to catch any water that is contained inside the unit. Unscrew the water filter. Rinse the filter to remove any debris. Install the filter and open the isolation valves.		Natural Gas and Propane Installation Code, CSA B149.1.	
			Leave this manual and the entire C199 manual taped to the water heater, or give both manuals directly to the consumer.	
	Check the gas lines and connections for leaks.			
	Confirm that the gas inlet pressure is within limits.			
	Confirm that the water heater is rated for the gas type supplied.			

10 Maintenance

Storage Tank Maintenance

Anodes

The storage tank is equipped with two magnesium anodes designed to extend the life of the storage tank. Slowly consumed over time, the anode protects the glass-lined tank from corrosion. It is strongly recommended to inspect the anodes every two (2) years. If more than half of the anodes has been consumed, they should be replaced. Instructions on how to change the anodes can be obtained from the manufacturer.

The longevity of the storage tank can be reduced when a water softener is introduced to fight hard water. Sodium salts added by a softener can make the water extremely conductive; therefore, the anodes are consumed at a faster rate. In such conditions, the anodes should be inspected on a yearly basis.

In certain conditions, the anodes may react with the water, producing discolored or smelly water. The most common complaint is hot water that smells like rotten eggs. This is the result of the reaction between the anode and hydrogen sulphide gas dissolved in the water, which is common in well systems. This issue can usually be eliminated or reduced by changing the magnesium anodes to aluminum anodes and by chlorinating the storage tank and plumbing system. If the problem continues, special filtration equipment may be required. Under no circumstances are the anodes to be removed from the water heater on a permanent basis.

Removal of the anodes will lead to premature failure of the water heater and will void the warranty.

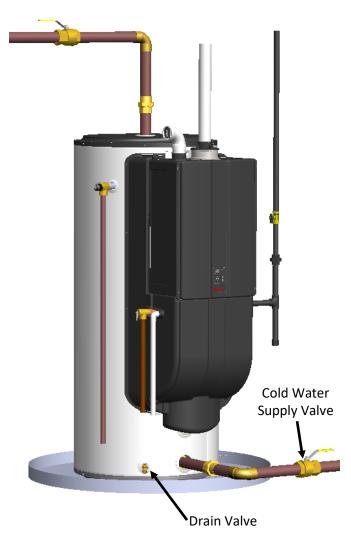
Storage Tank

Drain a pail of water through the drain valve at least once a year. This will remove excess sediment from the bottom of the tank. This sediment, if allowed to accumulate, will reduce the efficiency and the life of the tank.

Draining the Storage Tank

To completely drain the storage tank:

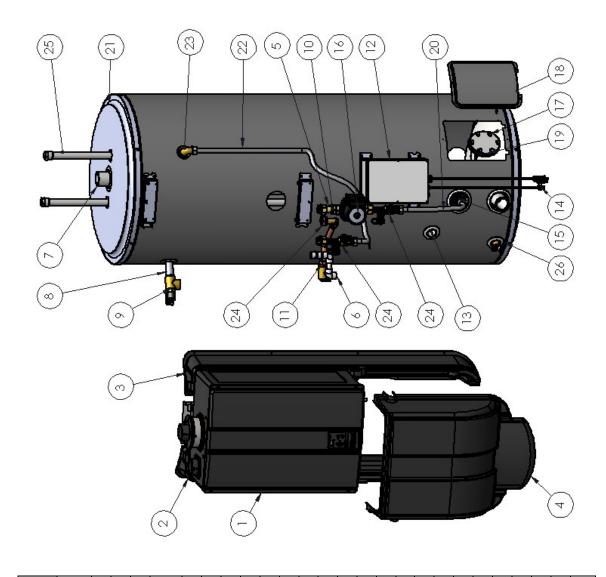
- Turn the power "OFF" to the system by unplugging power to the system. (The system will not be fully shut down by simply pressing the power button on the controller)
- 2. Close the cold water supply manual shut-off valve.
- 3. Connect one end of a garden hose to the storage tank drain valve and put the other end next to a free-flowing drain.
- 4. Open the drain valve by turning the knob counter clockwise ✓
- 5. Open a hot water faucet to allow air into the system.



Service/Maintenance Log

Date	Service / Maintenance Completed

Replacement Parts



NO.	PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
-	RU199IN/ RU199FN	RINNAI SENSEI TM TANKLESS
2	109000799	LEFT COVER
က	109000798	RIGHT COVER
4	109000800	FRONT COVER
2	107000251	PUMP UNION KIT
9	107000387	CONDENESATE PIPE (PVC)
7	107000308	1-1/2 IN DIELECTRIC NIPPLE
∞	107000309	1 IN DIELECTRIC NIPPLE
6	107000310	T&P RELIEF VALVE (FVMX-5C)
10	107000257	CHECK VALVE
11	107000375	PRV PIPE (45 DEG)
12	105000223	CONTROLLER ASSEMBLY
13	105000225	THERMISTOR, 3/4MNPT, 10K Ohm
14	105000229	CLIP ON THERMISTOR, 10K Ohm
15	107000260	HEX NIPPLE, 3/4 IN
16	107000259	PUMP
17	107000311	TANK CLEANOUT FLANGE GASKET
18	107000312	HAND HOLE CLEANOUT COVER
19	109000633	CLEANOUT BOLTS 5/16IN-18 X 11N
20	107000374	FLEX, LENGTH 15 IN, 3/4 NPSH X 3/4 NPSH
21	107000155	TANK, 119 GALLON W/ BRACKETS
22	107000398	TUBE, 43.95 X 3/4 NPSH X 3/4 NPSH
23	107000185	90° FEM X MALE ELBOW, 3/4IN
24	107000284	HOT, COLD, PRV VALVE KIT
25	107000314	ANODE ROD, MAGNESIUM
26	107000315	BRASS DRAIN VALVE 3/4 X 2-3/4

Limited Warranty for SE+ Series Models

• Internal (Indoor) Models: RU199i

What Is Covered?

The Rinnai Standard Limited Warranty covers any defects in materials or workmanship when the product is installed and operated according to Rinnai written installation instructions, subject to the terms within this Limited Warranty document. This Limited Warranty applies only to products that are installed correctly in the United States and Canada. Improper installation may void this Limited Warranty. In order for this warranty to apply, it is required that you use a trained and qualified professional who has attended a Rinnai installation training class before installing this water heater. This Limited Warranty coverage as set out in the table below extends to the original purchaser and subsequent owners, but only while the product remains at the site of the original installation. This Limited Warranty only extends to the first / original installation of the product and terminates if the product is moved or reinstalled at a new location.

Item	Warranty Coverage	Commercial Applications
Heat Exchanger*	15 Years	8 Years
Storage Tank	6 Years	6 Years
All Other Parts and Components	5 Years	5 Years
Reasonable Labor	1 Year	1 Year

^{*}For residential applications, the heat exchanger warranty will be 15 years or 12,000 operation hours, whichever occurs first.

Notes:

- From date of purchase, period of coverage is reduced to 8 years or 12,000 operation hours, whichever occurs first, if the Rinnai water heater temperature settings exceeds 160°F (71°C).
- The integrated controller has a 1 year warranty on parts.

What Will Rinnai Do?

Rinnai will repair or replace the covered product or any part or component that is defective in materials or workmanship as set forth in the above table. Rinnai will pay reasonable labor charges associated with the repair or replacement of any such part or component during the term of the labor warranty period. All repair parts must be genuine Rinnai parts. All repairs or replacements must be performed by a licensed professional who is properly trained to do the type of repair.

Replacement of the product may be authorized by Rinnai only at its sole discretion. Rinnai does not authorize any person or company to assume for it any obligation or liability in connection with the replacement of the product. If Rinnai determines that repair of a product is not possible, Rinnai may replace the product with a comparable product at Rinnai's sole discretion. The warranty claim for product parts and labor may be denied if a component or product returned to Rinnai is found to be free of defects in material or workmanship; damaged by improper installation, use or operation; or damaged during return shipping.

How Do I Get Service?

You must contact a trained and qualified professional for the repair of a product under this Limited Warranty. For the name of a trained and qualified professional, please contact your place of purchase, visit the Rinnai website (www.rinnai.us), call Rinnai at 1-800-621-9419 or write to Rinnai at 103 International Drive, Peachtree City, Georgia 30269.

Proof of purchase is required to obtain warranty service. You may show proof of purchase with a dated sales receipt, or *by registering within 30 days of purchasing the product. To register your Rinnai Tankless Water Heater, please visit www.rinnai.us.* For those without internet access, please call 1-866-RINNAI1 (746-6241). Receipt of Registration by Rinnai will constitute proof-of-purchase for this product. Registration of product installed in new home construction may be verified with a copy of the closing papers provided by the initial home buyer. However, Registration is not necessary in order to validate this Limited Warranty.

What Is Not Covered?

This Limited Warranty does not cover any failures or operating difficulties due to the following:

- Accident, abuse, or misuse
- Alteration of the product or any component part
- Misapplication of this product
- Improper installation (such as but not limited to)
 - Product being installed in a corrosive environment
 - Condensate damage
 - Improper venting
 - Incorrect gas type
 - Incorrect gas or water pressure
 - Absence of a drain pan under the appliance

- Improper maintenance (such as but not limited to scale build-up, freeze damage, or vent blockage)
- Incorrect sizing
- Any other cause not due to defects in materials or workmanship
- Problems or damage due to fires, flooding, electrical surges, freezing or any acts of God
- Any damage caused by poor water quality
- Operating the water heater with anything other than potable water at all times
- Force majeure

There is no warranty coverage on product installed in a closed loop application, commonly associated with space heating only applications.

This Limited Warranty does not apply to any product whose serial number or manufacture date has been defaced.

This Limited Warranty does not cover any product used in an application that uses chemically treated water such as a pool or spa heater.

Limitation on Warranties

No one is authorized to make any other warranties on behalf of Rinnai America Corporation. Except as expressly provided herein, there are no other warranties, expressed or implied, including, but not limited to warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, which extend beyond the description of the warranty herein.

Any implied warranties of merchantability and fitness arising under state law are limited in duration to the period of coverage provided by this Limited Warranty, unless the period provided by state law is less. Some states do not allow limitations on how long an implied Limited Warranty lasts, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

Rinnai shall not be liable for indirect, incidental, special, consequential or other similar damages that may arise, including lost profits, damage to person or property, loss of use, inconvenience, or liability arising from improper installation, service or use. Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages, so the above limitation may not apply to you.

This Limited Warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state.

www.rinnai.us/warranty

Notes



Learn more about Rinnai high-performance Tankless Water Heaters, Hybrid Water Heating Systems, Boilers, Vent-Free Fan Convectors and EnergySaver® Direct Vent Wall Furnaces at:

rinnai.us | rinnai.ca



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